3.2 Beneficiaries

3.2.3 Does the action specifically target certain groups or vulnerabilities?

answer the question. If the action exclusively targets one or a few specific groups, you will need to identify them by clicking on the corresponding groups in section 3.2.3.1. See the guidelines for more information.

Yes No

3.2.3.1 If yes, please select the relevant groups/vulnerabilities

Click on the group specifically targeted by the action according to the situation at the proposal stage. It is possible to select several groups, but not all.

Infants and young childrenChildrenElderlyDisabledMaleFemalePLW

3.2.4 Beneficiaries: Selection criteria  
Briefly explain the identification mechanisms and selection criteria. (Bytes limit: 2000)

In the WB :

In the WB the MHPSS Emergency Responses will target all the accessible direct and indirect victims impacted by the IHL violation related to conflict with a measure focus on victims of Demolitions, displacement, Settlers related violence and excessive use of force by the Israeli security forces. This intervention will directly target children, adolescents, adults and elderly in both Ramallah and east Jerusalem. MDM and ACCE psychoeducation sessions and awareness campaigns will be a general invitation for the community members vulnerable to IHL violations such as the vulnerable people (repeated demolitions, proximity to settlements, military instalments, demonstration places….), based on MDM field experience during 2017 and 2018, the majority of the participants within the awareness sessions are females. Within this action MDM will increase the efforts of increasing the number of male participants through the cooperation and coordination with CBOs and village councils.

3.2.5 Beneficiaries: Involvement of beneficiaries in the action

Explain the involvement of the beneficiaries and affected population in the design, implementation and evaluation of the action. In exceptional cases, when it was not possible to involve the beneficiaries, provide an explanation here. (Bytes limit: 2000)

In the WB:

The continuous presence of MDM in WB ensures a solid link with the authorities and communities for the preparation and implementation of its projects. MDM keeps a continuous communication with community members involved in critical incidents through village councils and community leaders and with ministries and other MHPSS providers. This participatory approach is in line with the Strategic plan of MHPSS of the MOH, the Humanitarian Needs Overview and the Strategic Response Plan of the Protection Cluster. Moreover, MDM works closely with the Community Eyes Watches, village councils and CBOs to trigger assistance in case of a traumatic.

MDM is continuously monitoring what the participants of psychoeducation need and what they believe MDM should focus on. The technical team members share these recommendations with MDM technical coordination team to adjust and adapt the activities according to the needs. Within this action a satisfaction questioner will be administered with the victims of traumatic incidents and the psychoeducation sessions participants.

3.2.6 Beneficiaries: More details on beneficiaries

When needed, provide more information on the specificities of the direct beneficiaries or potential indirect beneficiaries. Explain the difficulties to capture valuable information. Do not repeat information already provided in other sections. In case it was not possible to provide figures in section 3.2.2 (Disaggregated data), include a brief explanation in this field. (Bytes limit: 2000

The MHPSS emergency intervention beneficiaries are usually impacted by the occupation related critical incidents which have significant psychological and psychosocial impacts on their psychosocial wellbeing, including frustration (particularly for the men who feel unable to protect their families), extreme fear (children), anxiety and depression reactions (adults), anger, sleeping difficulties (women, men and children), which can lead to psychosocial consequences (such as domestic problems and social withdrawal), that in addition of the possibility of developing MHPSS disorders such as depression and Post Stress Traumatic Disorder . This action will mainly target these victims to normalize first the legitimate and human acute stress and emotional reactions following critical incidents, to acknowledge then its psychosocial burden and finally to explore and reinforce resources/coping mechanisms for a better emotional management and finally to prevent the development of further mental health problems and disorders. The Psychoeducation sessions will target community members who are at risk of mental health trauma to deal with their condition in proper way.